Experts who evaluate possible indicators that an individual is at risk of harming himself or others know to seek out many sources for clues, certain red flags that merit attention. A single warning sign by itself usually does not warrant overt action by a threat assessment specialist. It should, however, attract the attention of an assessor who has been sensitized to look for other possible warning signs. If additional warning signs are present then more fact-finding is warranted to determine if there is a likelihood of danger.

Some warning signs carry more weight than others. For instance, a fascination with, and possession of, firearms are more significant than being a loner, because possession of firearms gives one the capacity to carry out an attack. But if a person simply possesses firearms and has no other warning signs, it is unlikely that he represents a significant risk of danger.

When a cluster of indicators is present then the risk becomes more serious. Thus, a person who possesses firearms, is a loner, shows an interest in past shooting situations, writes stories about homicide and suicide, exhibits aberrant behavior, has talked about retribution against others, and has a history of mental illness and refuses counseling would obviously be considered a significant risk of becoming dangerous to himself or others. A school threat assessment team upon learning about such a list of warning signs would be in a position to take immediate action including:

- Talking to the student and developing a treatment plan with conditions for remaining in school
- Calling the parents or other guardians
- Requesting permission to receive medical and educational records
- Checking with law enforcement to ascertain whether there have been any interactions with police
- Talking with roommates and faculty
- Suspending the student until the student has been treated and doctors indicate the student is not a safety risk
Following are some warning signs (indicators and red flags) associated with school shootings in the United States. Schools, places of employment, and other entities that are creating a threat assessment capability may want to be aware of these red flags:

### Violent Fantasy Content
- Writings (Stories, essays, compositions),
- Drawings (Artwork depicting violence),
- Reading and viewing materials (Preference for books, magazines, television, video tapes and discs, movies, music, websites, and chat rooms with violent themes and degrading subject matter), and role playing acts of violence and degradation.

### Anger Problems
- Difficulty controlling anger, loss of temper, impulsivity, making threats

### Fascination with Weapons and Accoutrements
- Especially those designed and most often used to kill people (such as machine guns, semiautomatic pistols, snub nose revolvers, stilettos, bayonets, daggers, brass knuckles, special ammunition and explosives)

### Boasting and Practicing of Fighting and Combat Proficiency
- Military and sharpshooter training, martial arts, use of garrotes, and knife fighting

### Loner
- Isolated and socially withdrawn, misfit, prefers own company to the company of others

### Suicidal Ideation
- Depressed and expresses hopelessness and despair
- Reveals suicidal preparatory behavior

### Homicidal Ideation
- Expresses contempt for other(s)
- Makes comments and/or gestures indicating violent aggression

### Stalking
- Follows, harasses, surveils, attempts to contact regardless of the victim's expressed annoyance and demands to cease and desist

### Non-compliance and Disciplinary Problems
- Refusal to abide by written and/or verbal rules

### Imitation of Other Murderers
- Appearance, dress, grooming, possessions like those of violent shooters in past episodes (e.g. long black trench coats)
**Interest in Previous Shooting Situations**
Drawn toward media, books, entertainment, conversations dealing with past murders

**Victim/Martyr Self-Concept**
Fantasy that some day he will represent the oppressed and wreak vengeance on the oppressors

**Strangeness and Aberrant Behavior**
Actions and words that cause people around him to become fearful and suspicious

**Paranoia**
Belief that he is being singled out for unfair treatment and/or abuse; feeling persecuted

**Violence and Cruelty**
A history of using violence to solve problems (fighting, hitting, etc.), abusing animals or weaker individuals

**Inappropriate Affect**
Enjoying cruel behavior and/or being able to view cruelty without being disturbed

**Acting Out**
Expressing disproportionate anger or humor in situations not warranting it, attacking surrogate targets

**Police Contact**
A history of contact with police for anger, stalking, disorderly conduct; Past temporary restraining orders (or similar court orders), A jail/prison record for aggressive crimes

**Mental Health History Related to Dangerousness**
A history of referral or commitments to mental health facilities for aggressive/destructive behavior

**Expressionless Face/Anhedonia**
An inability to express and/or experience joy and pleasure

**Unusual Interest in Police, Military, Terrorist Activities and Materials**
Vehicles resembling police cars, military vehicles, surveillance equipment, handcuffs, weapons, clothing (camouflage, ski masks, etc.)

**Use of Alcohol/Drugs**
Alcohol/drugs are used to reduce inhibitions so that aggressive behaviors are more easily expressed
The Red Flag. Meaning: High Hazard Rough conditions such as strong surf and/or currents are present. All swimmers are discouraged from entering the water. Those entering the water should take great care. The Red Over Red Flag. Meaning: Water is closed to public use. The Purple Flag. Meaning: Marine pests present Jellyfish, stingrays, sea snakes or other marine life are present in the water, and can cause minor injuries. The Quartered Flag. Meaning: Watercraft area These flags may be used in pairs spaced apart to indicate a designated area or zone along a beach or waterfront that is used by those with surfboards and other non-powered watercraft. The Black Ball Flag. Meaning: Watercraft use prohibited Surfboards and other non-powered watercraft are prohibited. Look for these warning signs, which can signal that a person is at risk. Nevertheless, there are risk factors and red flags for suicide. Suicide prevention experts suggest that if a loved one exhibits these warning signs, it's important to make sure the person is not left alone; remove any dangerous objects or drugs that could be used in a suicide attempt; and seek immediate medical help. The U.S. National Suicide Prevention Lifeline can be reached 24 hours a day at 800-273-TALK (8255). The nonprofit Crisis Text Line also offers free text message counseling for teens. To reach the text line, text "Listen" to 741-741. Here are signs to watch out for,