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What is Sociology and why should we study it? This short video from Macat explains how the subject has developed over the years and introduces some of the key ideas and major thinkers who have helped to shape it in only a few minutes. Macat™s videos give you an overview of the ideas you should know, explained in a way that helps you think smarter. Learn to plan more efficiently, tackle risks or problems more effectively, and make quicker, more informed and more creative decisions with Macat™s suite of resources designed to develop this essential set of skills. Our experts have already compiled the 180 books you feel you should know but will never have time to read and explained them in a way that helps you think smarter. Learn vocabulary, terms and more with flashcards, games and other study tools. Many topics in modern sociology were also studied by ancient philosophers in their desire to describe an ideal society, including theories of social conflict, economics, social cohesion, and power. Ma Tuan-Lin (13th century)—first recognized social dynamics as an underlying component of historical development in his seminal encyclopedia, General Study of Literary Remains. Ibn Khaldun of Tunisia (1332-1406)—first sociologist; set a foundation for both modern sociology and economics, including a theory of social conflict, a comparison of nomadic and sedentary life, a description of a politi

The Field of Sociology. What is Sociology? What Do Sociologists Study? The Origins of Sociology The Institutionalization of Sociology Sociology Today Sources. Have you ever wondered why individuals and societies are so varied? Do you ask what social forces have shaped different existences? Sociologists study all things human, from the interactions between two people to the complex relationships between nations or multinational corporations. While sociology assumes that human actions are patterned, individuals still have room for choices. Becoming aware of the social processes that influence the way humans think, feel, and behave plus having the will to act can help individuals to shape the social forces they face. The Origins of Sociology.
Introduction to Sociology adheres to the scope and sequence of a typical introductory sociology course. In addition to comprehensive coverage of core concepts, foundational scholars, and emerging theories, we have incorporated section reviews with engaging questions, discussions that help students apply the sociological imagination, and features that draw learners into the discipline in meaningful ways. He is also an open learning faculty member in Sociology and Anthropology at Thompson Rivers University. He has taught online open learning courses at TRU since 2011. Dr. Little’s research interests include contemporary social theory, media and popular culture, political violence and neonazism, and the biopolitics of healing practices. 1990. Chapter 5, pp. 98-107 in Understanding Society: An Introduction to Sociology. 3rd ed. New York, NY: Harper & Row, Publishers, Inc. Socialization is a central process in social life. Its importance has been noted by sociologists for a long time, but their image of it has shifted over the last hundred years. In the early years of American sociology, socialization was equated with civilization. The issue was one of taming fierce individualists so they would willingly cooperate with others on common endeavors. An unruly human nature was assumed to exist prior to an individual's encounter with society.
Sophia's Introduction to Sociology course helps you gain mastery of the basic principles of sociology. In this course, you will learn a variety of topics, including sociological theory, cultural deviance, social interaction, diversity, stratification, education, technology, and health in modern society. You will also have the opportunity to demonstrate the application of these topics in sociology to everyday situations. Full Description. 3 semester credits. This bestselling text introduces students to the core principles of the sociology of health, demonstrating the relationship between social structures and the production and distribution of health and disease in modern society. Written with a truly sociological and critical perspective, the book tackles themes such as class, gender and ethnicity, and engages with a range of theories and theorists, including Foucault, Fleck, Parsons, Weber, and Kuhn. It also uses helpful learning features including chapter overviews, case studies, summaries and further reading suggestions, to provide stimulating and thought-provoking exercises for students in health, nursing and sociology schools. Introduction. The Social Construction of Medical Knowledge. The Development of the Sociology of Health. T. B, Sociology Peter Worsley, Introducing Sociology Macionis, Sociology, 10e Macionis, Sociology: A Global Introduction, 5/e MacIver, Society â€“ An Introductory Analysis Kingsley Davis, Human Society Tony Bilton, Introductory Sociology Vidya Bhushan & D.R. Sachdeva, An Introduction to Sociology Jamen. Why are our conditions of life so different from those of our parents and grandparents? What directions will change take in the future? These questions are the prime concern of Sociology, a field of study that consequently has a fundamental role to play in modern intellectual life. Sociology is the scientific study of human social life, groups and societies. It is a dazzling and compelling enterprise, as its subject matter is our own behaviour as social beings.
Introduction to Sociology adheres to the scope and sequence of a typical introductory sociology course. In addition to comprehensive coverage of core concepts, foundational scholars, and emerging theories, we have incorporated section reviews with engaging questions, discussions that help students apply the sociological imagination, and features that draw learners into the discipline in meaningful ways.

Chapter 1. An Introduction to Sociology. Figure 1.1. Sociologists study how society affects people and how people affect society. How does being in a crowd affect people’s behaviour? (Photo courtesy of PDerek Hatfield/wikimedia commons).


Chapter 1. An Introduction to Sociology.


The sociological imagination is central concept to sociology, which allows sociologists to make connections among personal experiences and larger social issues. For example, did you know the United States has the highest rate of teen pregnancy in the industrialized world? To understand this trend, sociologists use scientific methods to study and make connections about various social issues, such as sex education in schools, sexualization in the media, poverty, and the personal issue of teenage sexual activity and pregnancy.

Click Unit 1 to read its introduction and learning outcomes. You will then see the learning materials and instructions on how to use them. Course Syllabus Page. Course Terms of Use Page. Course Textbook File. Unit 1: Introduction to Sociology.