References
REFERENCES


Alecu, S.; Defta, C. and Dumitriu, S. (2001): *Candida dubliniensis* found in a prospective study in Romania. 11th European
References

Congress of Clinical Microbiology and Infectious Disease, Istanbul, Turkey. P:339.


References


References


References


References


References

9th European Congress of Clinical Microbiology and Infectious Diseases, Berlin, Germany. P:65.


References


References


Microbiology and Infectious Diseases, Istanbul, Turkey, P:343.


References


Spatenková V., Suchomel P. and Bohunova Z. (2002): Prevention of infectious complications by reducing prophylactic administration of antibiotics and observing the hygienic and
epidemiologic policies of the intensive care unit. Rozhlt.

Speller D. and Humphreys H. (1998): Hospital acquired infections. In :
Great Britain : Arnold.

Spicer, W. J. (2000): Specific pathogens: Fungi, Aspergillus and

110:858.

Med. 332:1077.

W.B. Saunders Company.

and Tjoelker, R. (1994): High frequency of yeast carriage
32:2299-2300.

to identification epidemiology and taxonomy of non-albicans

Guide to clinically significant fungi, 1st (ed). Sutton, D.A.,
Fothergill A.W., and Rinaldi M.G., (eds). Williams and
Wilkins, P: 88.


Tufano R. (2002): Focus on risk factors for fungal infections in ICU
patients. Minerva Anestesiol. 68(4):269-72
References


References


References


